Aviation in California: Fact Sheet (February 2021)

Aviation Facilities

- 214 General Aviation Airports
- 27 Commercial Service Airports
- <u>62</u> Special-Use Airports
- <u>170</u> Hospital and <u>189</u> Corporate, Police, Fire, Agricultural or Private Heliports
- **22** Federal Air Bases / **1** Joint Use Facility
- 144 Automated Weather Observation or Information System Locations

Scheduled Passenger Service

- In CY 2020, Commercial Service airports reported handling 66.6 percent fewer passengers than in CY 2019 (241.4 million), or a total of 82.4 million passengers.
- The Federal Aviation Administration awarded a total of \$60 million in federal FY 2020 to 25 of these airports from the Airport Improvement Program Passenger Entitlement Program, based on CY 2018 enplanements.
- California's share of national air passenger enplanements is greater than <u>8.9 percent</u> (CY 2019).
- CY 2019, 12 of California's Commercial Service airports rank in the top 100 Primary U.S. Airports (U.S. Rank is based on CY 2019 enplanements: LAX-2nd; SFO-7th; SAN-24th; SJC-35th; OAK-39th; SMF-40th; SNA-42nd; BUR-56th; ONT-57th; LGB-76th; PSP-85th; FAT-98th)

Air Cargo

- The top four reporting airports accounted for 88.1 percent of the State's reported landed weight, while each exceeded 1 billion U.S. pounds landed weight.
- Twelve California All Cargo airports were awarded \$12.2 million from the FAA AIP Cargo Airport Entitlement Program in federal FY 2020 based on 2018 reported Landed Weight
- In CY 2019, 1 GA and 23 Commercial airports reported handling an estimated <u>5.1 million U.S.</u> <u>Tons</u> of air cargo traffic.
- In CY 2019, California airports (14) share of all reported Landed Weight (aircraft): 10.1 million U.S. Tons, or 11.1 percent share of U.S. total (U.S. Rank based on 2019 reported landed weight: LAX-5th; ONT-10th; OAK-11th; SFO-31st; SMF-39th; SAN-43rd; MHR-51st; SCK-79th; SJC-94th; SBD-79th; LGB-105th; FAT-119th; RIV-80th; CIC-136th)

Certified Pilots and Registered Aircraft

- General Aviation (GA) operations account for approximately four of every five aircraft operations.
- FAA Registered Aircraft (January 2021): <u>25,213</u> (9 percent of the U.S. total)
- FAA Active Certified Pilots (December 2019 estimate): 64,334 (10.3% of the U.S. Certified Pilots; excludes flight instructors-10,001 and remote pilots-16,367)

Aviation's Economic Impact

- Contribution to the U.S. Gross Domestic Product (GDP): <u>\$175.7 billion</u> (4.2 percent of the U.S. GDP)
- Contribution to the U.S. employment: 1.1 million jobs (4.8 percent; aviation related jobs)
- California leads the nation in economic output (\$ in billions): ["*" indicates 1st in the U.S.] Value of Air Freight Flow (\$113.2); Visitor Expenditures* (\$89.5); Travel Arrangements* (\$2.5); Airport Operations* (\$8.4); Airline Operations* (\$33.4);
- California ranks in the top five States in the U.S.: Aircraft, Engines, Parts & Avionics Manufacturing (\$31.8); R&D (\$3.8); & Air Couriers (\$4.9) – (\$ in billions)
- Impact of FAA Spending in California: \$1.6 billion; 10,473 jobs [2nd only to Tennessee]

Aviation's Emergency Preparedness Facilities

- California's 241 public-use airports are potential staging areas for emergency response activities, including Search and Rescue and firefighting agencies, which rely on aircraft to transport personnel, equipment and supplies, and reconnaissance efforts.
- In California, U.S. Forest Service, Fire and Aviation Management coordinates 9 Federal Firefighting Airtanker Bases, 3 Airtanker Reload Bases and 20 Helibases. For more information: http://www.fs.fed.us/fire/aviation/
- To provide air support within 20 minutes, Cal Fire supports ground forces with firefighting efforts via 24 air attack and helitack bases. https://www.fire.ca.gov/media/mlhjqhd3/aviation-program-2020-6.pdf

Aviation in California: Fact Sheet (February 2021, cont'd)

Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

Airport and Airway Trust Fund (AATF) Fact Sheet (April) total (FFY 2020): \$17.6 billion to invest in Operations; Facilities and Equipment; Research, Engineering & Development; and Airports.

California Aid to Airports Program (CAAP) Grants

FY 2019/20: \$3.57 million

- State AIP Matching Grants (42): \$2.1 million
- Annual Credit Grants (147): \$1.47 million
- Acquisition and Development Grants (0): \$0

FAA AIP Grants Awarded to California

| AIP Grant by Service Level | # of Grants | Award Amount | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| Commercial | 38 | \$167,025,973 | |
| Reliever | 1 | \$675,000 | |
| General Aviation | 52 | \$56,277,125 | |
| Other (CASP) | 1 | \$388,047 | |
| Total | 92 | \$224,366,145 | |

California Aviation System Plan (CASP)

The 10-year capital need outlook for California Public Use airports is \$6.76 billion – [Commercial Service airports: \$5.4B and General Aviation airports: \$1.4B]

(Source: California Aviation System Plan, Capital Improvement Plan – July 2019)

| Company Assisting Front Colon & Assisting Front Frontier | T D 1 | Turnefour 4- 4b- C4-4- Assessed Assessed |
|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------|
| General Aviation Fuel Sales & Aviation Fuel Excise | Tax Revenue I | I ransfers to the State Aeronautics Account |

| | AvGas ¹ | Jet Fuel ² | Combined Aviation Fuel | Aeronautics Account Revenue3 | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Gallons Sold | Gallons Sold | Gallons Sold | | | |
| Fiscal Year | (in millions) | (in millions) | (in millions) | Avgas | Jet Fuel | Annual Total |
| 2000-01 | 27.9 | 133.2 | 161.1 | \$5,030,000 | \$2,664,000 | \$7,694,000 |
| 2001-02 | 28.8 | 120.0 | 148.8 | \$5,200,000 | \$2,400,000 | \$7,600,000 |
| 2002-03 | 28.1 | 122.6 | 150.7 | \$5,100,000 | \$2,452,000 | \$7,552,000 |
| 2003-04 | 27.3 | 135.7 | 163.0 | \$4,922,000 | \$2,832,000 | \$7,754,000 |
| 2004-05 | 23.6 | 144.3 | 167.9 | \$4,858,000 | \$2,763,000 | \$7,622,000 |
| 2005-06 | 25.8 | 149.2 | 175.0 | \$4,408,000 | \$3,001,000 | \$7,409,000 |
| 2006-07 | 24.7 | 149.8 | 174.5 | \$2,006,000 | \$5,284,000 | \$7,290,000 |
| 2007-08 | 28.9 | 152.7 | 181.6 | \$3,831,000 | \$3,627,000 | \$7,458,000 |
| 2008-09 | 19.2 | 123.8 | 143.0 | \$4,457,000 | \$2,774,000 | \$7,232,000 |
| 2009-10 | 19.6 | 112.3 | 131.9 | \$3,459,000 | \$1,729,000 | \$5,188,000 |
| 2010-11 | 16.9 | 116.9 | 133.8 | \$3,174,000 | \$2,371,000 | \$5,545,000 |
| 2011-12 | 17.3 | 125.8 | 143.1 | \$3,114,000 | \$2,497,000 | \$5,611,000 |
| 2012-13 | 16.3 | 132.0 | 148.3 | \$2,871,000 | \$2,370,000 | \$5,241,000 |
| 2013-14 | 15.9 | 127.7 | 143.6 | \$2,944,000 | \$2,801,000 | \$5,745,000 |
| 2014-15 | 16.5 | 135.6 | 113.5 | \$3,009,959 | \$2,471,821 | \$5,481,780 |
| 2015-16 | 16.3 | 155.7 | 172.0 | \$3,030,804 | \$2,946,769 | \$5,977,573 |
| 2016-17 | 14.9 | 165.9 | 180.8 | \$2,697,783 | \$3,366,306 | \$6,064,089 |
| 2017-18 | 15.5 | 162.1 | 177.6 | \$2,765,770 | \$3,251,043 | \$6,016,813 |
| 2018-19 | 15.1 | 168.3 | 183.4 | \$2,314,259 | \$3,369,346 | \$5,683,605 |
| 2019-20 | 14.9 | 139.2 | 154.0 | \$2,916,333 | \$3,187,492 | \$6,103,825 |
| uel Tax Rates: | ¹ \$0.18/gallon | ² \$0.02/gallon | | | | |

³Source: State Controller's Office transfers to Aeronautics Account per Revenue and Taxation Code Section 8352.3 (a).



Division of Aeronautics

https://dot.ca.gov/programs/aeronautics

